DM865 – Spring 2018 Heuristics and Approximation Algorithms

Exercises

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1. Examples

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- ▶ Permutations
 - ► TSP
 - ► SMWTP
- Assignments
 - ► SAT
 - ▶ Coloring
 - ► Parallel machines
- ▶ Sets
 - ► Max Weighted Independent Set
 - ► Steiner tree

Single Machine Total Weighted Tardiness

Given: a set of *n* jobs $\{J_1, \ldots, J_n\}$ to be processed on a single machine and for each job J_i a processing time p_i , a weight w_i and a due date d_i .

Task: Find a schedule that minimizes the total weighted tardiness $\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_i \cdot T_i$ where $T_i = \max\{C_i - d_i, 0\}$ (C_i completion time of job J_i)

Example:

Job	J_1	J_2	J_3	J_4	J_5	J_6
Processing Time	3	2	2	3	4	3
Due date	6	13	4	9	7	17
Weight	2	3	1	5	1	2

Sequence $\phi = J_3, J_1, J_5, J_4, J_1, J_6$

Job	J_3	J_1	<i>J</i> ₅	J_4	J_2	J_6
C_i	2	5	9	12	14	17
T_i	0	0	2	3	1	0
$w_i \cdot T_i$	0	0	2	15	3	0

Examples

Single Machine Total Weighted Tardiness Problem

- ▶ Interchange: size $\binom{n}{2}$ and O(|i-j|) evaluation each
 - first-improvement: π_i, π_k
 - $p_{\pi_j} \leq p_{\pi_k}$ for improvements, $w_j T_j + w_k T_k$ must decrease because jobs in π_j, \ldots, π_k can only increase their tardiness.
 - $p_{\pi_j} \geq p_{\pi_k}$ possible use of auxiliary data structure to speed up the computation
 - ▶ best-improvement: π_i, π_k
 - $p_{\pi_j} \leq p_{\pi_k}$ for improvements, $w_j T_j + w_k T_k$ must decrease at least as the best interchange found so far because jobs in π_j, \ldots, π_k can only increase their tardiness.
 - $p_{\pi_i} \geq p_{\pi_k}$ possible use of auxiliary data structure to speed up the computation
- ▶ Swap: size n-1 and O(1) evaluation each
- Insert: size $(n-1)^2$ and O(|i-j|) evaluation each But possible to speed up with systematic examination by means of swaps: an interchange is equivalent to |i-j| swaps hence overall examination takes $O(n^2)$