

## Lectures

- In the lecture on February, 6th we will finish the discussion of System Structures (Chapter 2) and start with a C programming introduction.
- In the lecture on February, 9th we will continue with the C programming introduction. If time allows, we will start with Chapter 3.
- Voluntary reading for DTrace:
  - Dynamic Instrumentation of Production Systems, Bryan M. Cantrill, Michael W. Shapiro and Adam H. Leventhal, Solaris Kernel Development Sun Microsystems [http://learningsolaris.com/docs/dtrace\\_usenix.pdf](http://learningsolaris.com/docs/dtrace_usenix.pdf)
  - DTrace Intro :<https://wikis.oracle.com/display/DTrace/Introduction> and <http://www.brendangregg.com/dtrace.html>
  - The examples that were shown in the lecture can be downloaded here: <http://www.imada.sdu.dk/~daniel/DM510-2012/add/dm510-dtrace-examples.tar.gz>
- Note: The slides used in the lecture for the second chapter differ significantly from the original slides provided by Wiley.

## Tutorial Session

- Prepare for the Tutorial Session on Wednesday, February 8, 2012:  
1.3 1.6 1.13 1.18 1.22 1.24  
2.1 2.2 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.13, 2.15, 2.17

Additionally, discuss the following source code of a D program. `profile:::tick-1sec` tells the profile provider to create a new probe which fires once per second. The function `trace()` indicates that DTrace should record the specific argument and print it out. What are the clauses of the program? What are the actions of the program? What are predicates of the program? What happens on execution and what is the output of the program?

```
dtrace:::BEGIN
{
    i = 10;
}
```

```
profile:::tick-1sec
/i > 0/
{
    trace(i--);
}
```

```
}

profile:::tick-1sec
/i == 0/
{
    trace("blastoff!");
    exit(0);
}
```

### C programming exercises

From the online C tutorial <http://www.cprogramming.com/tutorial.html#ctutorial> read the parts Intro to C, If statements, Loops in C, Functions, Switch case, and Pointers. In the tutorial session focus on pointers:

1. Which of the following is the proper declaration of a pointer?
  - `int x;`
  - `int &x;`
  - `ptr x;`
  - `int *x;`
2. Which of the following gives the memory address of integer variable `a`?
  - `*a;`
  - `a;`
  - `&a;`
  - `address(a);`
3. Which of the following gives the memory address of a variable pointed to by pointer `a`?
  - `a;`
  - `*a;`
  - `&a;`
  - `address(a);`
4. Which of the following gives the value stored at the address pointed to by pointer `a`?
  - `a;`
  - `val(a);`
  - `*a;`
  - `&a;`

5. Which of the following is the proper keyword or function to allocate memory in C?

- new
- malloc
- create
- value

6. Which of the following is the proper keyword or function to deallocate memory?

- free
- delete
- clear
- remove

Analyse the following C source code. Discuss what it does.

```
#include "dm510_msgbox.h"
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

typedef struct _msg_t msg_t;

struct _msg_t{
    msg_t* previous;
    int length;
    char* message;
};

static msg_t *bottom = NULL;
static msg_t *top = NULL;

int dm510_msgbox_put( char *buffer, int length ) {
    msg_t* msg = malloc(sizeof(msg_t));
    msg->previous = NULL;
    msg->length = length;
    msg->message = malloc(length);
    memcpy(msg->message, buffer, length);

    if (bottom == NULL) {
        bottom = msg;
```

```
    top = msg;
} else {
    /* not empty stack */
    msg->previous = top;
    top = msg;
}
return 0;
}

int dm510_msgbox_get( char* buffer, int length ) {
    if (top != NULL) {
        msg_t* msg = top;
        int mlength = msg->length;
        top = msg->previous;

        /* copy message */
        memcpy(buffer, msg->message, mlength);

        /* free memory */
        free(msg->message);
        free(msg);

        return mlength;
    }
    return -1;
}

int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    char *in = "This is a stupid message.";
    char msg[50];
    int msglen;

    /* Send a message containing 'in' */
    dm510_msgbox_put(in, strlen(in)+1);

    /* Read a message */
    msglen = dm510_msgbox_get(msg, 50);

    return 0;
}
```