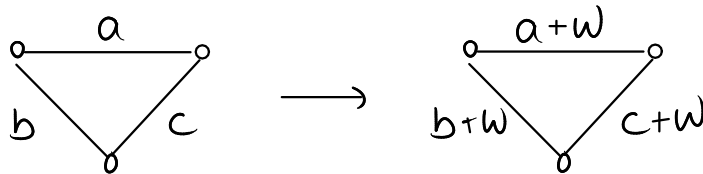


Sheet 4

1. a) Add $w = \max_{e \in E} \{w_e\}$ to all edge weights.

The resulting weights are metric:



$$a+w \leq 2w \leq (b+w) + (c+w)$$

b) For any tour T

$$T \text{ optimal in } G \Leftrightarrow T \text{ optimal in } G'$$

For any tour T in G , let $w(T)$ be the total weight of T in G and let $w'(T)$ be the total weight of T with the modified weights.

$$\text{Then } w'(T) = w(T) + \underbrace{nw}$$

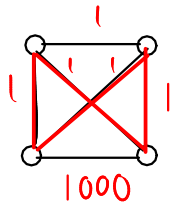
only this part can vary This part is the same for any tour

Hence, w' is minimized when w is minimized

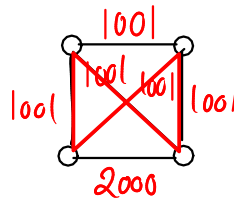
c) Contradiction with inapproximability?

The reduction to the metric case is not approx. factor preserving.

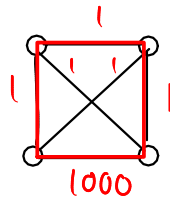
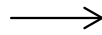
Ex:



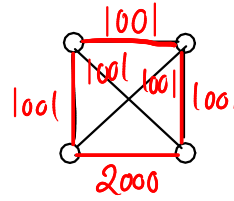
$$W = 4$$



$$W = 4004$$



$$W = 1003$$



$$W = 5003$$

$$\text{ratio} \approx 250$$

$$\text{ratio} \approx 5/4$$

2. Alg. for Euler tour in connected graph

$v \leftarrow$ any vertex in the graph

Follow non-traversed edges, starting in v , until reaching a vertex with no non-traversed edges

While \exists non-traversed edges

$v \leftarrow$ vertex with both traversed and non-traversed edges

Follow non-traversed edges, starting in v , until reaching a vertex with no non-traversed edges

Correctness:

When reaching a vertex with no non-traversed edges, the vertex has an even # traversed edges. This can only be v , so we have produced a tour.

Since the graph is connected, there must be a non-traversed edge leaving the tour, if there are still non-traversed edges.

Ex:

