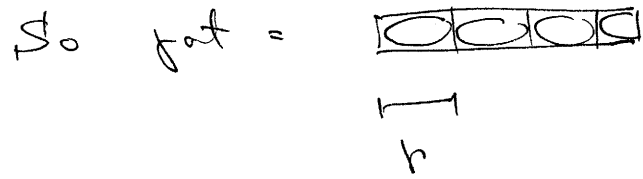


# BMG variant

Idea to search from successful iteration in BM:

Let  $p$  = period (pattern).

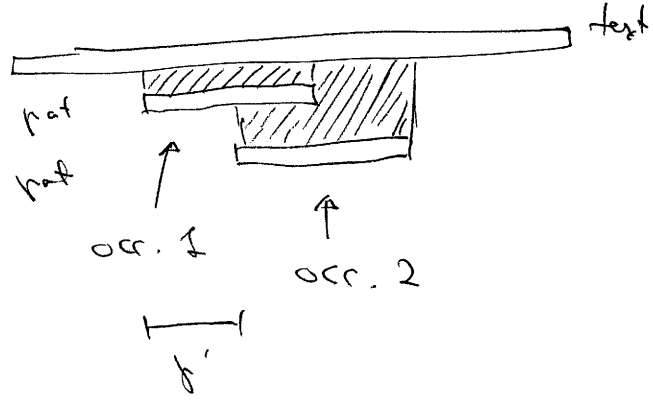


(and  $p$  shortest so) \*\*)

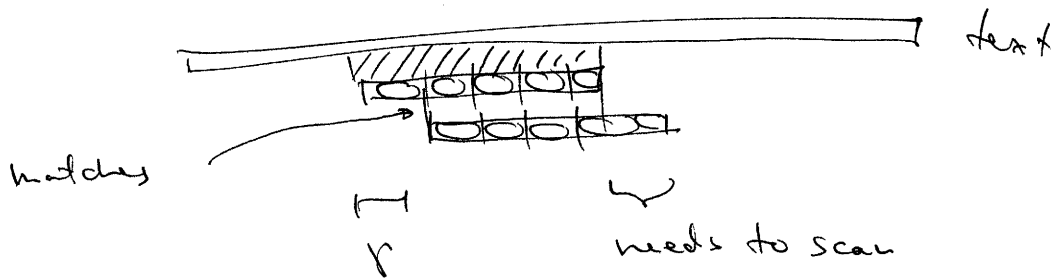
Hence, after a match, we can safely (by \*) and \*\*)

skip  $p$  forward.

And will match a prefix of size  $m - p$  after:



We see that  $p$  is a period of pattern. \*)



INVARIANT:

In BMG alg. : mem = known matching prefix  
 $\in \{0, m - p\}$

$p = \text{period}(\text{pat})$

$i = 0$

$\text{mem} = 0$

while  $i \leq n - m$

$j = m$

while  $j > \text{mem}$  AND  $\text{pat}[j] == \text{text}[i+j]$

$j = j - 1$

if  $j = \text{mem}$  (successful it.)

report occ. at  $i$

$\text{mem} = m - p$

$i = i + p$

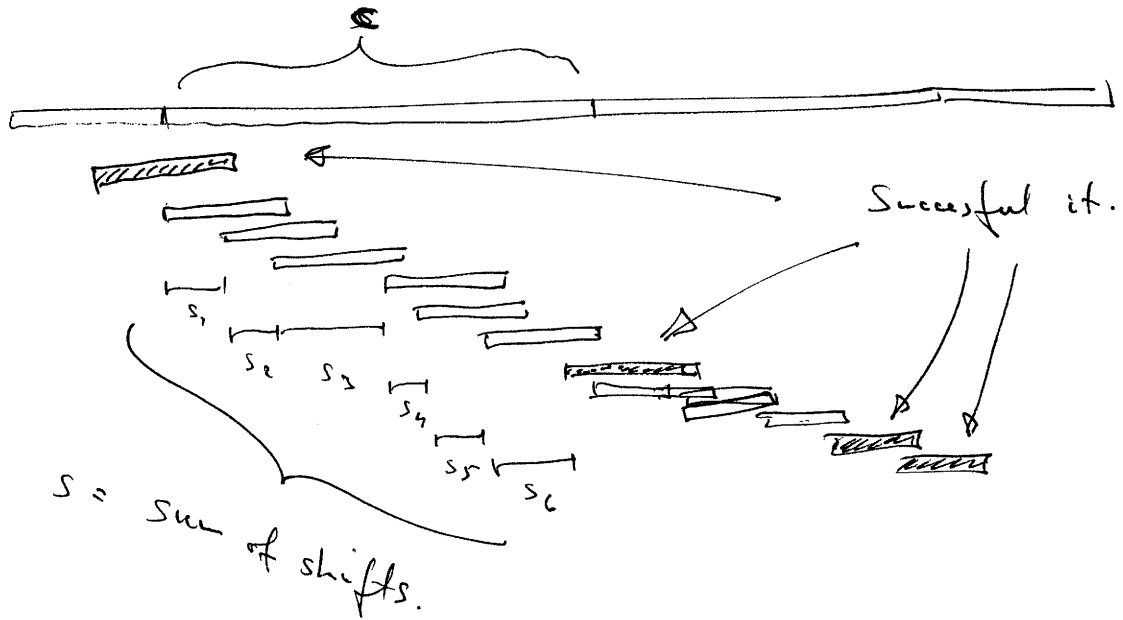
else (unsuccessful it.)

$\text{mem} = 0$

$i = i + \text{BM\_shift}(j)$

Correctness follows from safeness of shift  $p$  for successful iterations (and correctness of  $\text{mem} = m - p$  after shift), and safeness of  $\text{BM\_shift}$  for unsuccessful iterations.

# Complexity



We ~~earlier~~ (for Brk alg.) analysed a seg. of an successful iteration. Its cost was covered by  $C + 3S$

Here, we have several such seg., separated by one (or more) successful it.

For two neighboring unsuccessful seg., their  $S$ 's cannot overlap (seen as areas of text),  
 (~~they add to  $\leq n$  in total~~),

and their  $C$ 's can only overlap by  $\leq m$ .

Each successful it. costs at most  $m$ .

Hence, the entire alg. costs  $O(n + r \cdot m)$

when there are  $t$  occurrences. ( $r$  successful it.).

If  $r \geq m/2$ , all occ. are  $m/2$  apart  
 ( $r$  is smallest dist. possible between ~~next~~ occ.,  
 by def. [see page ①].)

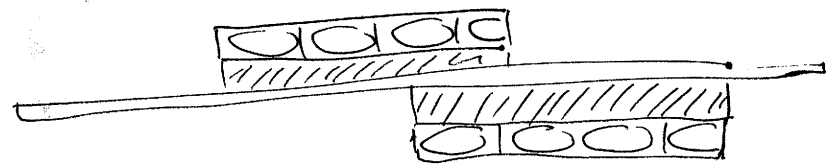
So  $r \leq \sqrt[4]{(m/2)} = 2 \cdot \frac{h}{m}$ . So  $n + r \cdot m$   
 is  $\leq n + 2m = 3n$

If  $r \leq m/2$ :



primitive (by minimality of  $r$ ).

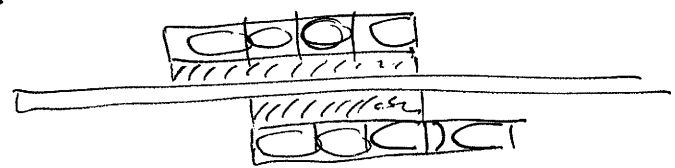
Assume later match has overlap  $\geq r$ :



conflict with prop. on cyclic shifts  
 if not "aligned" (is not a shift of multiple  
 of  $r$ ).

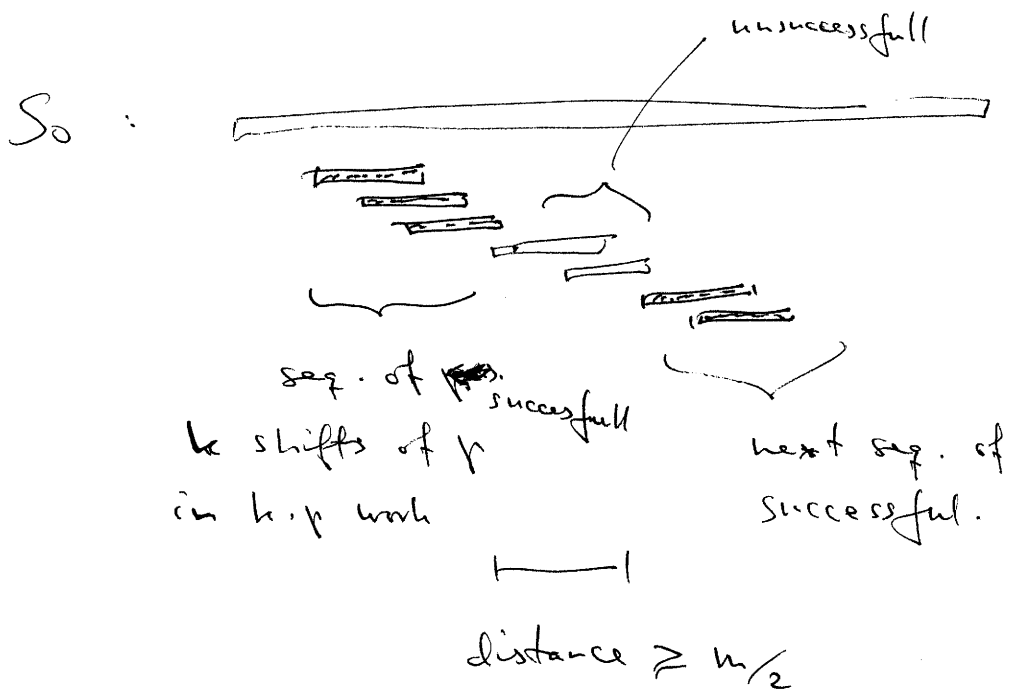
Look at test after match:

Shift  $r$



test here  
 ( $r$  chars)

If pos., repeat  
 (shift  $r$ , test  $r$  chars)  
 If neg., next  
 occ. is earliest  
 after a total shift  
 of  $m - r \geq m/2$



Same argument type as before now applies.

(At most  $\frac{m}{m/2}$  seq. of successful).

Period  $p$  can be calculated as  $B_{\text{fat}}(m)$  in  $O(m)$  time [via KMP preprocessing].

□

BHG is

Hence,  $\forall$  an  $O(m)$  BM-based alg. for reporting all occ.