3D Graphics and OpenGI

First Steps



Objects defined in (virtual/mathematical) 3D space.

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We see surfaces of objects \Rightarrow define surfaces.

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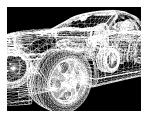
We see surfaces of objects \Rightarrow define surfaces.

Triangles will be the fundamental element.

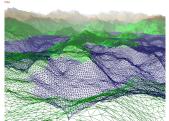
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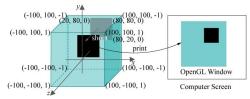




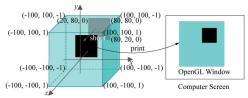


Main objective: transfer (models built of) triangles from 3D space to 2D screen space. Add colors to the screen pixels covered by triangle (shading).

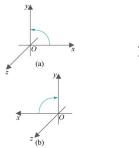
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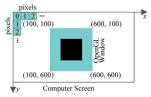


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Coordinate systems:





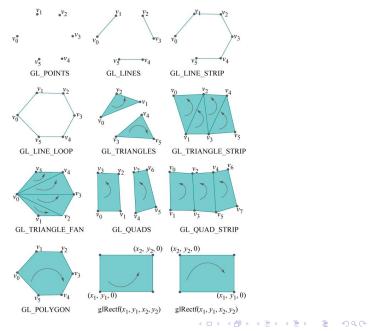
Vertices

Core data: vertices of triangles.

```
glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
    glVertex3f(20.0, 20.0, 0.0);
    glVertex3f(80.0, 20.0, 0.0);
    glVertex3f(80.0, 80.0, 0.0);
    .
    .
glEnd();
```

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Other OpenGL Primitives



OpenGL Primitives

Polygons and quads are divided into triangles by OpenGL before rendering. Must be plane and convex

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Not planar, not convex

Planar, not convex

Planar and convex

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OpenGL Primitives

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For efficiency, use array lists (single rendering call accessing array of many points) and display lists (precompiled and stored groups of OpenGL commands, including declarations of geometry/primitives). See sections 3.1 and 3.2.

Core data: triangles

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Triangle vertices and associated data:

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- Position
- Color
- Normal vector
- Texture coordinate

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State machine: Long list of set variables affecting rendering. Value fixed after initialization until changed. (Alternative would be to give long list of parameters for all rendering calls).

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E.g., setting (foreground/vertex) color using glColor:

```
glBegin(GL_QUADS);
  glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
  glVertex3f(20.0, 20.0, 0.0);
  glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
  glVertex3f(80.0, 20.0, 0.0);
  glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
  glVertex3f(80.0, 80.0, 0.0);
  glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 0.0);
  glVertex3f(20.0, 80.0, 0.0);
  glEnd()
```



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Projections

Transfer (models built of triangles built of vertex) points from 3D space to 2D screen space.

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Projections

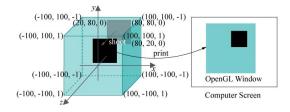
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Two types:

- Orthographic
- Perspective

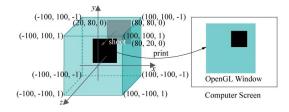
Orthographic Projection

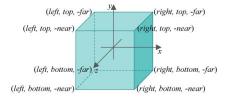


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Orthographic Projection

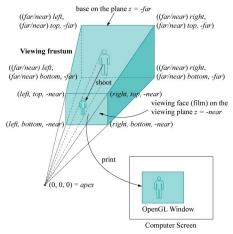




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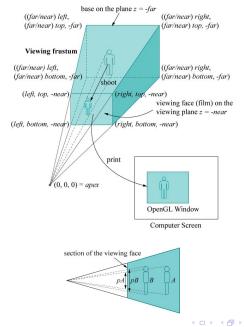
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Perspective Projection



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Perspective Projection



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Perspective

Helix curve:

Orthographic:



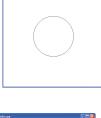


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Perspective

Helix curve:

Orthographic:





Projective:





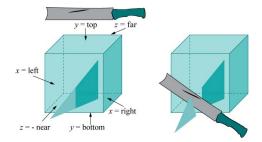
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Clipping before Projection

The geometry is clipped against the viewing area planes before projection. Further clipping planes can be specified manually.

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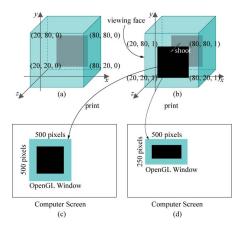
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Stretch after Projection

The projected image is stretched to the screen/window size after projection.



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OpenGL Buffers

A buffer is a screensize 2D array of (pixel) data. Several buffers are available in OpenGL (collectively called the framebuffer).

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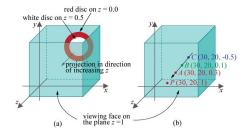
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 Library that abstracts away OS-specific interface/libraries between OpenGL and OS (incl. creation of framebuffer and double buffering swaps).

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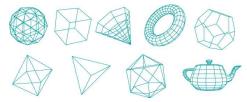
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- Commands for triangles for basic models (cube, cone, sphere, torus, teapot,...).



GLU is a lower level utility library (may also appear as command name prefix).